PART I

Executive Summary

This project aims to bridge the gap between expectations from stakeholders and the foreign language curriculum in terms of the monthly celebrations and inclusion of learning about minority populations within the Russian language classroom. In this project I will create several lessons in which Russian teachers within the K-12 setting can utilize in order to partake in our nation's minority history months. In particular I will focus on Hispanic Heritage Month, Black History Month, Women's History Month and Asian Heritage Month with hopes of educating students about minorities both in America and Russia and to help students feel more inclusion within the Russian classroom. The goals of these lessons are to not only to take part in our societal multicultural celebrations but to ensure that students have access to more knowledge about multiculturalism in Russia and the Russian speaking community.

References

"15 of the Most Effective Teaching Strategies | Indeed.Com." 15 of the Most Effective Teaching Strategies, 30 Mar. 2023,

www.indeed.com/career-advice/career-development/strategies-for-teachers.

ACTFL levels of language proficiency. Global Seal of Biliteracy. (n.d.). Retrieved April 21, 2023, from https://theglobalseal.com/actfl-language-proficiency-levels

Department, P. G. C. H. (n.d.). 2022 demographics. Prince George's County Health Department: Demographics: County:: Prince George's. Retrieved April 21, 2023, from https://www.pgchealthzone.org/demographicdata

DiversityCentral.com. (n.d.). *Heritage Month Guide*. DiversityCentral.com: Cultural Diversity at Work. Retrieved April 21, 2023, from https://diversitycentral.com/calendar/heritagemonthquide.php

Dora Kennedy French immersion in Maryland - U.S. news education. (n.d.). Retrieved April 21, 2023, from

https://www.usnews.com/education/k12/maryland/dora-kennedy-french-immersion-231945

Encyclopædia Britannica, inc. (2023, February 27). *Black history month*. Encyclopædia Britannica. Retrieved April 21, 2023, from

https://www.britannica.com/topic/Black-History-Month?utm_campaign=b-extension&utm_medium=chrome&utm_source=ebinsights&utm_content=Black+History+Month

McKeirnan, Danielle. *Cultural Differences and Similarities: Hispanic American and Russian American Students*. Accessed 14 June 2023.

Quinn, S. D. (n.d.). *Aatseel - Instructional Design Toolkit*. H5P.com. Retrieved April 21, 2023, from https://msuelc.h5p.com/content/1291612454506253988

Research guides: Black history month: A Commemorative Observances Legal Research Guide: History and overview. History and Overview - Black History Month: A Commemorative Observances Legal Research Guide - Research Guides at Library of Congress. (n.d.). Retrieved April 21, 2023, from https://guides.loc.gov/black-history-month-legal-resources/history-and-overview

Rifkin, Ben. "World Readiness Standards and Building a DEI Action Plan." CDIPS. 11 Dec. 2022, online, Online.

Part II

Analysis

First conceived in 1915 by historian Carter G. Woodson and then celebrated in 1926, Negro History Week was aimed to give Americans an opportunity to celebrate and educate about the achievements and contributions of African Americans to American society and history. It has since blossomed into a month-long celebration of Black Americans particularly within public schools throughout our nation. Each year schools take part in celebrations, discussions, assemblies, field trips, etc. to honor Black Americans throughout our nation's past and present. The celebration of Black History Month in February has encouraged monthly celebrations of other minority groups including; March being Women's history month officially established in 1987, September 15th through October 15th being Hispanic Heritage Month officially established in 1988, and May being Asian/Pacific American Heritage Month officially established in 1992

Each year teachers are asked by administration and our stakeholders to partake in activities that align with these celebrations, however in most foreign language curriculums lessons are not available to teachers to address the requests of our administration and community. It is with this in mind that I have created a series of lessons to align to our nation's cultural, ethnic and historical celebrations so that teachers of the Russian language can help their students connect the Russian language to other disciplines and also help minority students feel inclusion within their study of Russian.

These lessons are initially made for middle school students, however it is hoped that these lessons can be adopted and altered to suit the needs of all Russian students.

My goals for these lessons are to

- 1) Expose students to learning about minority **cultures** and peoples in both America and Russia
- 2) **Connect** with other disciplines such as social studies, science, literature, art, music and technology
- 3) Enable students the opportunity to **compare** these minority cultures and histories to their own.
- 4) Give students a voice to **communicate** their learning in Russian
- 5) Participate in our **community** celebrations of minority populations

Part III: Design

Performance Objectives

September 15th- October 15th: Hispanic Heritage Month

- Introduction to Russian
 - Students will read and analyze the article "Cultural Differences and Similarities: Hispanic American and Russian American Students" by graduate student Danielle McKeirnan of Westerns Governors University.
- Russian 1
 - Students will research Hispanic countries
- Russian 2
 - Students will research information about a famous Hispanic American or Russian of their choosing

February: Black History Month

- Introduction to Russian
 - Students will identify and research African countries
- Russian 1
 - Students will research information about a famous African American/Black American of their choosing
- Russian 2
 - Students will research information about a famous Afro-Russian

March: Women's History Month

- Introduction to Russian
 - Students will examine the International/Russian holiday "Международный Женский День/International Women's Day"

- Russian 1
 - Students will research a information about a famous Russian woman of their choosing
- Russian 2
 - Students will research a information about a famous Russian woman of their choosing

May: Asian/Pacific Islanders Heritage Month

- Introduction to Russian
 - Students will identify and research Asian countries in which Russian is spoken
- Russian 1
 - Students will identify and research Asian minority groups in Russia
- Russian 2
 - Students will research information about famous Asian Russians of their choosing

Learning Assessments

September 15th- October 15th: Hispanic Heritage Month

- Introduction to Russian
 - Students will create a venn diagram comparing and contrasting Russian and Hispanic cultures.
 - Students will write a paragraph describing their own culture in comparison to what they learned from their reading.
- Russian 1
 - Students will create a flag of their Hispanic country and label the country in Russian.
- Russian 2
 - Students will create a presentation to teach their classmates about the person they researched in Russian.

February: Black History Month

- Introduction to Russian
 - Students will create a flag of their African country and label the country in Russian.
- Russian 1
 - Students will create a presentation to teach their classmates about the person they researched in Russian.
- Russian 2

- Students will create a presentation to teach their classmates about the person they researched in Russian.

March: Women's History Month

- Introduction to Russian
 - Students will summarize their knowledge about International Women's day
 - Students will create Matroshki to symbolize women
- Russian 1
 - Students will create a presentation to teach their classmates about the person they researched in Russian.
- Russian 2
 - Students will create a presentation to teach their classmates about the person they researched in Russian.

May: Asian/Pacific Islanders Heritage Month

- Introduction to Russian
 - Students will create a presentation to teach their classmates about the country they researched.
- Russian 1
 - Students will create a presentation to teach their classmates about their Asian minority group.
- Russian 2
 - Students will create a presentation to teach their classmates about the person they researched in Russian.

Strategies

Strategies that will be utilized for these lessons include the following

- Pre-reading: accessing prior knowledge, establishing a purpose for our reading, identifying difficult words for readers, previewing the text.
- During reading: reading aloud, asking questions during reading, having students summarize
- After reading: discussion of the text, completion of the Venn diagram and paragraph
- Brainstorming before lessons to access prior knowledge of vocabulary and cultural information
- Ensuring students have the vocabulary knowledge to complete activities and if not providing them with useful vocabulary.
- The teacher must make sure that students understand expectations for each assignment and how students will be graded.
- The teacher must also monitor and help students when conducting self research
- Culturally responsive teaching
- Experiential learning

- Visualization
- Inquiry based instruction
- Student led teaching

Alignment

Hispanic Heritage Month

Level of students	Objectives	Learning Assessments	Strategies	Materials
Introduction to Russian	Students will read and analyze the article "Cultural Differences and Similarities: Hispanic American and Russian American Students" by graduate student Danielle McKeirnan of Westerns Governors University.	1) Students will create a venn diagram comparing and contrasting Russian and Hispanic cultures. 2) Students will write a paragraph describing their own culture in comparison to what they learned from their reading.	TEACHING STRATEGIES -Culturally responsive teaching - Experiential learning - Visualization - Inquiry based instruction READING STRATEGIES Pre-reading: accessing prior knowledge, establishing a purpose for our reading, identifying difficult words for readers, previewing the text. During reading: reading aloud, asking questions during reading, having	- The Essay: "Cultural Differences and Similarities: Hispanic American and Russian American Students" by graduate student Danielle McKeirnan of Westerns https://www.aca demia.edu/4164 4962/Cultural_Di fferences_and_S imilarities_Hispa nic_American_a nd_Russian_Am erican_Students The Lesson: https://docs.goo gle.com/docum ent/d/1b_kV00E NfB1x7zCkL7rA zjY5SdTgko4eFx 5q_cYA9eA/edit ?usp=sharing

			students summarize After reading: discussion of the text, completion of the Venn diagram and paragraph	
Level 1	Students will research Hispanic countries	Students will create a flag of their Hispanic country and label the country in Russian.	TEACHING STRATEGIES -Culturally responsive teaching - Experiential learning - Visualization - Inquiry based instruction Brainstorming: - What does Hispanic mean in English? Have the students complete the lesson activities.	Website: https://proespan ol.ru/ispanskij-y azyk/ispanskij-y azyk/579-ispano yazychnye-stran y.html The lesson: https://docs.goo gle.com/docum ent/d/1qVl23wc X6dmp58CHfMS 9xXRca3eEzcW SinqvhApCgoc/e dit?usp=sharing
Level 2	Students will research information about a famous Hispanic American or Russian of their choosing	Students will create a presentation to teach their classmates about the person they researched in Russian.	TEACHING STRATEGIES -Culturally responsive teaching - Experiential learning - Visualization - Inquiry based instruction -Student led teaching	The lesson: https://docs.goo gle.com/docum ent/d/1VE13lhg zUgnpkdBKAldjZ c-xuB4fYopTBf9 KRbyjYPs/edit?u sp=sharing

	Students will need to research to find out - The person's name - Professi on - When he/she was born - When he/she died or	
	current age	

Black History Month

Level of students	Objectives	Learning Assessments	Strategies	Materials
Introduction to Russian	Students will identify and research African countries	Students will create a flag of their African country and label the country in Russian.	TEACHING STRATEGIES -Culturally responsive teaching - Experiential learning - Visualization - Inquiry based instruction -Accessing prior knowledge about Africa and the countries within it. - Review the Cyrillic Alphabet	Website: https://ru.wikipe dia.org/wiki/%D 0%A1%D0%BF% D0%B8%D1%81 %D0%B8%D0%B A_%D0%B3%D0 %BE%D1%81%D 1%83%D0%B4% D0%B0%D1%80 %D1%81%D1%8 2%D0%B2_%D0 %B8_%D0%B7% D0%B0%D0%B2 %D0%B8%D1%8 1%D0%B8%D1%8 1%D0%B8%D1%8 1%D0%B8%D0% BC%D1%8B%D1 %85_%D1%82%D0 0%B5%D1%80% D1%80%D0%B8 %D1%82%D0%B E%D1%80%D0%B E%D1%80%D0%B E%D1%80%D0%B

				%90%D1%84%D 1%80%D0%B8% D0%BA%D0%B8 Lesson: https://docs.goo gle.com/docum ent/d/1H_SZBLF RWy8vgTM9ivW 1kUl7zfqKtu2kZ FqBlkxqyX8/edit ?usp=sharing
Level 1	Students will research information about a famous African American/Black American of their choosing	Students will create a presentation to teach their classmates about the person they researched in Russian.	TEACHING STRATEGIES -Culturally responsive teaching - Experiential learning - Visualization - Inquiry based instruction -Student led teaching Make sure that students know how to find information on the internet.	Lesson: https://docs.goo gle.com/docum ent/d/11SPILTA AzUCA6AiQGIg6 dq3A5EN70I8h9 HZEPItTOps/edit ?usp=sharing
Level 2	Students will research information about a famous Afro-Russian	Students will create a presentation to teach their classmates about the person they researched in Russian.	TEACHING STRATEGIES -Culturally responsive teaching - Experiential learning - Visualization - Inquiry based instruction -Student led teaching	Website: https://ru.wikipe dia.org/wiki/%D 0%9D%D0%B5% D0%B3%D1%80 %D1%8B_%D0% B8_%D0%BC%D 1%83%D0%BB% D0%B0%D1%82 %D1%8B_%D0% B2_%D0%A0%D0 %BE%D1%81%D 1%81%D0%B8%

Women's History Month

Level of students	Objectives	Learning Assessments	Strategies	Materials
Introduction to Russian	Students will examine the International/Ru ssian holiday "Международный Женский День/Internatio nal Women's Day"	Students will summarize their knowledge about International Women's day Students will create Matroshki to symbolize women	TEACHING STRATEGIES -Culturally responsive teaching - Experiential learning - Visualization - Inquiry based instruction Access prior knowledge Practice before, during and after reading strategies	Website for reading: http://masterrus sian.com/russia nculture/women s_day_march8.h tm Video website: https://www.you tube.com/watch?v=84AevmBQfkC Lesson-https://docs.google.com/document/d/1dNx_9I74q2yOYpjwnNSrnCF7ule0kMwoiGvWfwe3HLk/edit?usp=sharing Coloring Activity-https://drive.google.com/file/d/1p2PWkAkppYi4j

				mMYKqYL7kMX yGJXtu2h/view? usp=sharing
Level 1	Students will research a information about a famous Russian woman of their choosing	Students will create a presentation to teach their classmates about the person they researched in Russian.	TEACHING STRATEGIES -Culturally responsive teaching - Experiential learning - Visualization - Inquiry based instruction -Student led teaching Make sure that students know how to find information on the internet.	Lesson- https://docs.goo gle.com/docum ent/d/1ru-UArsd aAyxK3zMbTqW CII4sTI6AVoYrm 62kYB67Ag/edit ?usp=sharing
Level 2	Students will research a information about a famous Russian woman of their choosing	Students will create a presentation to teach their classmates about the person they researched in Russian.	TEACHING STRATEGIES -Culturally responsive teaching - Experiential learning - Visualization - Inquiry based instruction -Student led teaching Make sure that students know how to find information on the internet.	Lesson: https://docs.goo gle.com/docum ent/d/1bue4sX4 90c7jVqiZwyRa7 VZaHVQU121Si qGB-JGVgPA/ed it?usp=sharing

Level of students	Objectives	Learning Assessments	Strategies	Materials
Introduction to Russian	Students will identify and research Asian countries in which Russian is spoken	Students will create a presentation to teach their classmates about the country they researched.	TEACHING STRATEGIES -Culturally responsive teaching - Experiential learning - Visualization - Inquiry based instruction -Student led teaching Students will need help identifying which countries are in Asia.	Website: https://ru.wikipe dia.org/wiki/%D 0%A1%D0%BF% D0%B8%D1%81 %D0%BE%D0%B A_%D1%81%D1 %82%D1%80%D 0%B0%D0%BD, %D1%82%D0%B 5%D1%80%D1% 80%D0%B8%D1 %82%D0%BE%D 1%80%D0%B8%D D1%82%D0%B8% D0%B9_%D0%B8 _%D0%BE%D1 80%D0%B3%D0 %B0%D0%B3%D0 %B0%D0%B3%D0 %B0%D0%B3%D0 %B0%D0%B3%D0 %B0%D0%B3%D0 %B8%D0%B5 D0%B8%D0%B 9, %D0%B3%D0 %B4%D0%B5 %D1%80%D1%86 %D0%B8%D0%B 9, %D0%B3%D0 %B4%D0%B5 D0%B8%D1%8 1%D0%BA%D0%B 1%B0%B4%D0%B 1%B0%B4%D0%B 1%B0%B8%D1 %8F%D0%B2%D 0%BB%D1%8F% D0%B5%D1 %8F%D0%B8%D 1%86%D0%B8 D0%B5%D1%8E D0%B5%D1%8E D0%B5%D1%8E D0%B5%D1%8E D0%B5%D1%8E D0%B5%D1%8E D0%B5%D1%8E D0%B5%D1%8E D0%B5%D1%8E D0%B6%D0%BB D0%B0%D0%BB

				ent/d/17sllBk8P 2dYMmRcuL6C3 2hycgZbdtKWRn EBVw76F6o8/ed it?usp=sharing
Level 1	Students will identify and research Asian minority groups in Russia	Students will create a presentation to teach their classmates about their Asian minority group.	TEACHING STRATEGIES -Culturally responsive teaching - Experiential learning - Visualization - Inquiry based instruction -Student led teaching Students will need to make sure that the group that they choose is considered Asian as the list includes all ethnic groups within the Russian Federation.	Video: https://www.yout ube.com/watch? v=YUm4ojvZlzQ Website: https://en.wikipe dia.org/wiki/List _of_ethnic_grou ps_in_Russia Lesson: https://docs.goo gle.com/docum ent/d/1S0xz2Uo dRAtVdkwBNVQj o7JazHXBYByQ 4h8mf8_cXWA/ edit?usp=sharin g
Level 2	Students will research information about famous Asian Russians of their choosing	Students will create a presentation to teach their classmates about the person they researched in Russian.	TEACHING STRATEGIES -Culturally responsive teaching - Experiential learning - Visualization - Inquiry based instruction	Website: https://en.wikipe dia.org/wiki/Cat egory:Russian_p eople_of_Asian_ descent Lesson: https://docs.goo gle.com/docum ent/d/1CoAnNG XJoydhwCPjfj_A

	-Student led teaching	mVircfN_9AHVk RJtrV7EmGo/edi t?usp=sharing
	Make sure that students know how to find information on the internet.	

Grading

When it comes to grading assignments it usually depends on what category the assignment falls into. In my county we have three grading categories; assessments, classwork and independent activities. Classwork is work that we do in class. It includes warm-up activities, participation in class discussions and activities. These assignments are usually graded on effort and completion. If a student is trying and completes the assignment he/she will receive full credit. Independent activities are work done by a student alone. In my class these are usually the homework assignments that I assign. I too grade these assignments based on effort and completion. The rationale for this is that I would rather a student try and get things wrong rather than not try at all. I also like to utilize classworks and independent activities as learning tools. We go over the assignments together and students are asked if they understand what they got wrong and if they do not to ask for clarification. The last category is assessments. For these assignments I grade students on their mastery of the intended task.

Most of the lessons that I am giving students for these learning objectives are intended for classwork and independent activity therefore most will be graded on a completion/effort scale however teachers could choose to utilize them for a project/assessment grade hence I will include a sample rubric for grading purposes.

SAMPLE RUBRIC for Russian 2: Hispanic Heritage Month Activity Rubric

	2	1.5	1	.5	0
Completion: Picture	Includes picture of the person				Does NOT include a picture of the person
Completion:	Answers all 4	Answers 3 of	Answers 2 of	Answers 1 of	Answers 0 of

Information	questions in Russian	the 4 questions in Russian	the 4 questions in Russian	the 4 questions in Russian	the 4 questions in Russian
Presentation: Fluency and clarity	Presentation is fluid and clear with no distracting pauses.	Presentation is fluid and clear with very few distracting pauses.	Presentation is fluid and clear with few distracting pauses.	Presentation is NOT fluid and clear.	Student did not present.
Vocabulary and pronunciation	Uses correct vocabulary and pronunciation 90-100% of the time.	Uses correct vocabulary and pronunciation 80-89% of the time.	Uses correct vocabulary and pronunciation 60-79% of the time.	Uses correct vocabulary and pronunciation 40-59% of the time.	Uses correct vocabulary and pronunciation less than 40% of the time
Grammar	Uses correct grammar constructions 90-100% of the time.	Uses correct grammar constructions 80-89% of the time.	Uses correct grammar constructions 60-79% of the time.	Uses correct grammar constructions 40-59% of the time.	Uses correct grammar constructions less than 40% of the time

SAMPLE RUBRIC for Russian 1: Asian/Pacific Islander's Month Project

Rubric

	3	2.3	1.5	.8	0
Completion:	12	9-11	7-8	5-6	Less than 5
Has all					
required					
slides					
Completion:	12	9-11	7-8	5-6	Less than 5
All slides					
have pictures					
Facts are	ALL 10	8-9	6-7	4-5	Less than 4
accurate in					
number and					
information					
Presentation:	ALL 10	8-9 facts	6-7	4-5	Less than 4
the presenter	facts are	are clearly	facts are	facts are	facts are
speaks	clearly	presented	clearly	clearly	clearly
clearly	presented		presented	presented	presented

Group work	Group	Group	Group	Group is	Group
	works	works	works	distracted	barely
	effectively	effectively	effectively	and talks	works in
	all the time	most of the	half the	about other	class.
	in class	time (75%)	time (50%)	things	There focus
	(100%)			(50-60%)	is on other
				of the time	things than
					the task at
					hand

Part IV

Development

The materials needed for delivery of these lessons have been included above. However with that said students will need access to computers and internet for the vast majority of the lessons.

The instructor will need access to various websites and the lessons included in the charts above. As always whenever technology is being utilized the instructor must be able to help navigate students through any technology issues that may arise.

When delivering any lesson to the students, teachers must practice patience and understanding. Also when discussing Black History Month with students the teacher will want to discuss the use of the words негры and мулаты in Russian so as to not offend any students finding those words offensive in English.

I believe that these lessons would not only be approved by the administration and stakeholders within my school community but will be applauded for its connectivity to the cultural activities already presented within the school setting.

Part V

Implementation

Policies and Principles of the CDIPS Program

The idea of these lessons came about in response to Ben Rifken's discuss on World Readiness Standards and Building a DEI action plan. While we were discussing the current state of our curriculums I realized that most of what I teach does not reflect the students that I serve. I wanted to include more diversity within my classroom to help students feel more comfortable and better represented. Therefore these lessons specifically target diversifying the classroom and being more culturally inclusive to my students.

Logistical Considerations

These lessons were designed to be implemented in a K-12 setting primarily for secondary education students (6-12). They are designed for usage throughout a traditional school year to be done in a face to face classroom setting. However, I do believe that the lessons could be altered and utilized in a variety of settings including online instruction.

Part VI

Evaluation

Frequently after implementing a new lesson or strategy I will verbally ask students how they liked the lesson or what they feel could have worked better. I encourage students to take ownership in their learning and to provide feedback whenever possible to help facilitate my instruction. This past year I used surveys to ask students these questions. After lessons, I survey students using google forms about; what they liked, did not like about lessons, what they learned from the lesson, and if they have any suggestions for future use. I use this feedback to adjust my instruction for future students or to reteach lessons that did not go over as well as I would have liked.